The Coronavirus Pandemic: What are the Options?

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About Nanotech Plus, LLC

- Alliance of Consultants established in 2004
- We provide the team matched to the project. www.nanotechplus.net, www.nano-biz.com, www.consolidatednanotech.com
- We specialize in solving the challenges of commercializing advanced materials
- Focus areas: Pharmaceuticals, Energy Generation and Storage, Coatings, Composites, and more
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Outline of the Talk

- 1) Setting the Stage: How bad is the current pandemic?
- 2) About the Disease: Contagion, Types, Time Course, Treatments
- 3) Description of the Coronavirus
- 4) What can be done to change the pandemic's course?
- 5) Diagnostic Needs and Development
- 6) Vaccine Challenges
- 7) Antiviral Development
- 8) Q+A

Setting the Stage: How Bad is it?

Some Current Viral Epidemics

 Examples: Coronaviruses (SARS, MERS), Zika, AIDS, Dengue, Polio, Influenza, Mononucleosis, Herpes, Norovirus, Hepatitis, Ebola, Measles, etc.

Some Current Bacterial Epidemics

• Examples: E. Coli, Brucella (unpasteurized dairy), Listeria, Legionella, Gonorrhea, etc.

A recent listeria outbreak linked to mushrooms put 30 people in the hospital, 4 fatalities. See: https://www.cdc.gov/listeria/outbreaks/enoki-mushrooms-03-20/index.html

Brucella: https://www.cdc.gov/brucellosis/exposure/unpasteurized-dairy-products.html?CDC_AA_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cdc.gov%2Fbrucellosis%2Fexposure%2Fdrug-resistant-brucellosis-linked-raw-milk.html Legionella-form of pneumonia:https://www.cdc.gov/legionella/

How Contagious is COVID-19?

Virus R0 (number of additional people infected from 1 infected individual)

• COVID-19 2.0-3.3

SARS 3.0

• MERS 2-5

• Ebola 2

• Measles 12-18

• Influenza 1.7-1.8 in 2009 H1N1 in US

• Zika 1.8-5.8

SARS, COVID-19: https://www.ijidonline.com/article/S1201-9712(20)30123-5/fulltext

MERS: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/28958834 Zika: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26923081

Utility of R0: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3935673/

Types of COVI-19 Infections

- Asymptomatic
- Mild Upper Respiratory Infection similar to a cold
- Common some lung involvement
- Severe respiratory distress
- Multi-organ involvement ICU
 Can involve heart, kidney, and even lead to gangrene
 60-70% of cases in the ICU die (Wuhan)
- Asymptomatic common make up ~80% of cases

https://www.biocentury.com/coronavirus/webinar/lessons-from-wuhan

Course of Infection

- From the mild to common cases:
 - 1) Viremia: 0 -10 days
 - 2) Acute: pneumonia 7-10 days to 14 days
 - viral production peaks
 - 3) Recovery: 14-21 days
- This is a longer course than SARS/MERS
- For severe cases at 1-2 weeks
 Need to get virus production under control

Treatments: Current Anti Viral Usage

- In China, the following antivirals have been tried:
 - 1) Lopinavir/Ritonavir no clear benefit in severe cases
 - 2) Remdesivir no information as of 3/27/2020
 - 3) Interferon not shown to be effective
 - 4) Chloroquine/hydroxychloroquine-positive results are unproven
 - 5) Azithromycin
- Only used in early stages of disease.
- In NYC often using chloroquine/hydroxychloroquine/ azithromycin – few side effects, but not very effective

Mechanisms of Mortality

- Coinfection ~ → pneumonia ~ ½ the fatal cases
- Viral damage to lungs or other organs- especially heart!
 - 1) 20% of patients had myocardial damage up to 50% mortality
- 2) Patients with underlying cardiovascular conditions have higher mortality, but even previously healthy individuals have ~20% mortality
- Overly aggressive immune response ~ 20%
 Can be failure to control viremia or cytokine storm,
 i.e. low levels of virus present
- Myocardial damage can be direct viral infection or immune response

Sources: https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2763844 https://wwwnc.cdc.gov/eid/article/26/6/20-0299_article

Treatments: Anti Inflammatories

- If the person survives the coronavirus- then immune responses are similar to influenza infections
- Even If coronavirus viral production continues declines after 1-2 weeks, immune system responses can be fatal

 not directly from virus!
- Therapies for severe cases:
 - 1) Steroids- highly debated!
 - 2) Very high doses (2 grams) iG can be used in earlier stages
 - 3) Anti- IL-6 Tocilizumab- efficacy hard to evaluate.
 - 4) Other immune suppressors

Other treatments: anti coagulants- up to 2 weeks. New pulmonary anti-inflammatory: Immunomet 156 being evaluated.

• Summary: some immune suppression and anti coagulants can be life saving!

About Coronaviruses

- Coronaviruses are the largest RNA viruses at 125 nm
 7 infect humans
- SARS Co V2 30kb. 20 kb non-structural, 10 kb structural and accessory proteins. 80% homology with SARS-CoV1, 96% with some bat coronaviruses
- Enveloped and has 4 proteins: S (spike), E (envelope),
 M (membrane), N (nucleocapsid)
- Structural proteins not conserved!

Sources: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4369385/

Mechanism of SARS CoV2

- SARS CoV1 and SARS CoV2 use the ACE2 pathway to gain entry into the cell
- Angiotensin Converting-Enzyme 2 (ACE2) primarily is involved in maturing angiotensin- important in controlling blood pressure and other functions
- ACE2 is expressed in heart, lungs, kidney and intestines
- CoV2 uses the spike protein (S) to gain entry
- S1 binds to the ACE2 site, S2 does membrane fusion
- Note that MERS uses a different mechanism to enter cells

Science: 27, Mar. 2020, p. 1444.

How do we change the course of the Pandemic?

Passive Measures

- 1) Track cases/contacts.
- 2) Diagnostics:
 - A) Direct virus detection Large testing labs gearing up
 - B) Detection of antibodies POC tests could be available in less than 2 months
- 3) Isolation/Social Distancing
- 4) Protective Equipment

Active Measures

- 1) Better Models!
- 2) Vaccines
- 3) Antivirals

Diagnostic Needs: Detection

Detection Methods:

Direct viral detection (PCR)

Indirect detection: Antibodies

- Direct detection allows determination of infected individuals and viral loads
 Highly accurate – but time consuming
- Indirect detection shows who is currently infected or has survived and is now immune
 Less accurate, faster, can be POC- BD/Biomedomics
- In competition with WHO, CDC developed direct detection kits – but were not accurate

https://www.nature.com/articles/d41587-020-00010-2

https://wyss.harvard.edu/news/news-the-wyss-institutes-response-to-covid-19-beating-back-the-coronavirus/

https://www.washingtonpost.com/investigations/2020/04/03/coronavirus-cdc-test-kits-public-health-labs/?arc404=true

Better Models Needed!

In Vivo

- Challenges: virus replicates in numerous animal models, but fails to cause disease even in non-human primates
- Can cause sneezing in ferrets
- Humanized mouse model developed for SARS/MERS Scaleup underway-Jackson Labs in several weeks

In Vitro

- Wyss Institute Lab on a Chip – being commercialized by Emulate, Inc
- Lung model has been used in influenza – but not ready for COVID-19

https://www.jax.org/news-and-insights/2020/february/introducing-mouse-model-for-corona-virus

https://wyss.harvard.edu/news/news-the-wyss-institutes-response-to-covid-19-beating-back-the-coronavirus/

Vaccine Development

Good News: Lots of Companies Trying New Technology (Selected companies)

- Adenovirus: Altimmune, J+J, Vaxart
- Nucleotide: Arcturus, BioNTech, Curevac, Inovio, LinearRX, Moderna, Zydus Cadila
- Protein: Generix, Heat Biologics, Vaxil Biotherapeutics
- Recombinant/Attenuated: Clover/GSK, Codagenix, Novavax, Sanofi, Tonix, Vaxart
- VLP: Geovax, iBio, Medicago, Novavax

Bad News

- Vaccine development is typically 5 years or more
- Vaccines can be harmful!

 a) Antibody Dependent
 Enhancement (ADE) and
 b) Th2 immunopathology
- Only Sanofi of the "Big 4" vaccine manufacturers has mounted a COVID-19 specific effort- others choosing to partner instead

Sources: https://www.pnas.org/content/early/2020/03/27/2005456117 https://www.wired.com/story/everything-you-need-to-know-about-coronavirus-vaccines/

https://www.genengnews.com/a-lists/how-to-conquer-coronavirus-top-35-treatments-in-development/

Most detailed: https://www.nature.com/articles/d41587-020-00005-z
The vaccine for Ebola story:https://www.statnews.com/2020/01/07/inside-story-scientists-produced-world-first-ebola-vaccine/

Antiviral Development

RNAi

- Vir Biotechnologies: very well funded Partnered with Alnylam GSK recently funded with \$250M Challenges: few successful RNAi drugs in market – delivery systems are challenging
- Sirnaomics

Viral Blockers

- Apeiron: protein-based technology

 In clinical trials in China
- Nanoviricides: ligands mimicking binding site bound to a soft polymer
 Developed MERS ligands prior

https://www.nature.com/articles/d41587-020-00005-z

Antiviral Development, Cont'd

mAb

- Abcellera partnered with Lilly Developed 500 mAb from one patient
- Beijing Defengrei in clinical trials Targeting Factor 5A
- InflaRx targeting Factor 5A
- Harbor Biomed partnered with Mt.
 Sinai
 Targeting Spike protein
- ImmunoPrecise Antibodies partnered with EVQLV, Ligand Pharmaceuticals

Other

Pharmamar –
 natural product
 from tunicates
 targeting
 elongation factor
 1-A

Q+A



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